

McGill Daily

VOL. VII, No. 96.

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

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MANY PRESENT AT HISTORICAL CLUB MEETING

Grant Smart Gave Instructive Paper Last Night.

FRANCOIS GUIZOT.

Many Took Part in Discussion Which Followed the Paper.

At a well attended meeting of the Historical Club, held in Strathcona Hall last night, Grant Smart, '19, read an interesting and much appreciated paper on Francois Guizot. Dr. Fryer was present, and assisted in the discussion which was led off by R. Younger, and followed up by R. De Witt Scott. After the reading of the paper, and a certain amount of discussion, refreshments were served, and the meeting adjourned.

The text of the paper of the evening was as follows: Francois Guizot, one of the greatest men France ever produced, great as an orator, a statesman and a writer, was born at Nîmes on Oct. 4th, 1787. His father belonged to an old Protestant family, whose liberal opinions were well known, but whose moderation proved the undoing of Guizot's father, who was executed by the revolutionaries. Guizot's first recollections was of saying good-bye to his father in prison.

But Guizot's mother, who is described by Bardoux as an energetic and simple woman, was not the kind of woman to be overwhelmed by fate; she consecrated the remainder of her life to the education of her children. She took them to Geneva, where Guizot was educated. Besides his book-work, Guizot learnt a trade. He became a carpenter and a joiner. The strong religious impress which Guizot received among the Calvinists of Geneva was never effaced. The letters which he wrote to his mother in 1805, when he went to Paris to study law, contain substantially the same expressions of belief as those, which form the preface to his will written 64 years later.

Guizot was married twice. His first wife, Mlle. Meulan, he met in one of the salons which he frequented. In 1809 Guizot published his first work—a dictionary of French synonyms, and later an annotated edition of Gibbons' "Decline and Fall." Shortly after Guizot was offered the chair of Modern History at the Sorbonne, and he soon became famous on account of his teaching. His methods were the signal for the renovation of historical study, which was the glory of France in the 19th Century.

But Guizot was not satisfied to be one of the greatest historians of his day; he took a plunge into politics in 1814, by applauding in public the restoration of the Bourbons. By this act Guizot threw in his lot with the constitutional party. He was faithful to that party all his life, and years only served to make him more and more certain that the Constitutional path, which averted neither to the right hand nor to the left, was the safe one for France. In this connection the following from Morley's Life of Gladstone might be interesting in itself, and also as throwing a side-light on Guizot's attitude.

(Continued on Page 3.)

INTER-CLASS HOCKEY COMMENCED YESTERDAY

Med. '20 Easily Defeated Med. '19, in First Game of Series

The first of the inter-class games took place yesterday afternoon, from 2 to 3, between Med. '19 and Med. '20, and the result proved that Med. '20 had it all over their opponents, downing them by a score of 6 to 1. At no time during the play did the class of '19 prove dangerous, and were outclassed in all stages of the game. Owing to the intense cold, it was decided to call the game off after the first period had been played, and as there was no doubt as to the outcome this was approved by all, even by the spectators, who, by the way, turned out in fairly large numbers, to cheer on their respective favorites. Kramer appeared to be the best of the winners, whilst Lowrey was the pick of the losers. Jim Cully handled the whistle to the satisfaction of both teams. The line-up is as follows:

Med. '20.	Goal.	Med. '19.
Heney	Novat	
Kramer	Lowrey	
Trainer	Gibb	
Cassidy	Cross	
Pendrigh	Sicard	
Gilhooley	Tallon	
Walters	Lebel	

WHAT'S ON.

TO-DAY.

5.15 p.m.—Regular Gym. classes.
6.30 p.m.—Senior hockey practice at the Victoria rink.
6.45 p.m.—Science basketball practice.
8.00 p.m.—Drill for "A" Certificate men.
8.00 p.m.—Med. '21 meet Med. '22 at hockey.
8.15 p.m.—Lecture by Capt. Dutheil, at R. V. C.
9.00 p.m.—Arts '20 meets Arts '21 at hockey.

COMING.

Feb. 8.—Physical Society in Physics Building.
Feb. 8.—Cercle Francais at Strathcona Hall.
Feb. 12.—Rev. Geo. Adam on "With Harry Lauder at the Front."
Feb. 12.—First Inter-Faculty basketball game, Medicine vs. Theology.
Feb. 12.—McGill vs. Loyola.
Feb. 21.—Patriotic Dance at High School.
Feb. 22.—Dr. Grenfell addresses Canadian Club at Union.

ARTS SMOKER PLAN IMPROVED LOUNGE-ROOM

Present Furniture Not Conducive to Enjoyment of Quiet Pipe of Peace.

News is abroad of an agitation on the part of the students of the Arts Faculty to obtain some proper furnishings for their smoking room, which has scarcely been used for the purpose originally intended this year. Indeed, it is high time that something was done towards getting a smoking room which will be really cosy and inviting to the student just out of a long and fatiguing period of mental labour.

In its present state, the "smoking room" is the last place in the Arts Building, to which we would repair to enjoy a few minutes' absorption of the "deadly weed." The imperfect lighting arrangements, and the situation of room, give it an air of gloom which can only be counteracted by the installation of electric light. The lounges, as a result of hard usage, in days gone by, have assumed an appearance comparable to that of the victim of a Cherokee brave in the time of Indian massacres, whose flowing locks have been removed by a cunningly wielded tomahawk. The comfortable arm-chairs which are generally regarded as indispensable articles of furniture when a smoking room is discussed, have faded into oblivion, and are now no more to be seen (there are twenty-four of them in the smoking room of the Law Faculty). The lone table stands forlorn in the middle of the floor, far from any of the ponderous lounges which no one is industrious enough to drag up to it.

Between the various articles of furniture there are immense gaps, filled with air of a temperature little above zero. The walls have the rich tints that only time can impart. The two windows which open upon an adjacent wall, allow only a small amount of light to filter in. Can you wonder, fond reader, that the students do not find the prospect of spending a half-hour there enticing?

As the Daily representative stood in the doorway and surveyed the comfortless scene, there came over him a vision of what might have been, and what may yet be in the future. He seemed to see a warm, well-lighted room, with luxurious lounges ranged round the walls, and a score of comfortable chairs placed about a couple of well-built tables. The lounges and chairs were occupied by a merry crowd of students; wreaths of smoke hung in the air, and a sound of cheerful gossip arose. Good fellowship was the order of the day. But the bright vision did not last. As it faded from the mind of the beholder, there seemed to come to his ears a sound as of a distant voice, saying, "Some day, when we get a new Arts Building, perhaps—"

He was vaguely cognizant of the fact that he had heard these words before.

SCIENCE DINNER.

The President of the Science Undergraduate Society wishes to bring to the attention of the students of this Faculty the fact that nothing has been done this year with regard to the holding of a Science dinner. It is hoped that something may be done in the near future.

INFORMATION DESIRED.
We would deem it a favour if the author (S. M. B.) of the poem which was recently published in the Daily, "In Memory of John McCrae" would communicate with us at his earliest convenience. Though we are advised of his name, there is no clue as to the writer's present address.

100 COUPLES MADE MERRY LAST NIGHT

Third Students' Council Fixture is Decided Success.

WEATHER PREVENTS SKATING.

Last Night Was Most Enjoyable of all Three Events.

The last of the series of three skating parties and dances combined was given under the auspices of the Students' Council last night in the Union. Owing to weather conditions the first part of the programme, the skating, was changed to dancing.

The couples assembled in the Union at 8.30. Programmes were immediately filled in the downstairs hall. The dancing commenced shortly after in the ball room. The music was decidedly better than was supplied on any of the previous evenings, and was thoroughly appreciated.

As usual, the floor was in excellent shape. The programme consisted of sixteen numbers, Waltzes, Fox-trots, and One-steps. After the eighth, supper was served in the lounge room. This popular room presented a truly pleasant appearance. The sofas and chairs were thronged with happy students and their particular lady friends. The refreshments were plain, but plentiful, and were most fitting for the occasion and the present conditions.

A much larger number of guests were present last night than on any of the previous occasions, which speaks well for the precedent set by the others. The whole affair was of the most informal nature, as was to be expected. No one seemed to regret the change in the first part of the evening's arrangements. On the contrary, dancing proved to be far more popular than skating. Those who on the first two occasions did not put in an appearance until about ten, were on hand at an early hour last evening.

(Mrs. (Dr.) Brown, Miss Cameron, and Miss Cartwright very kindly acted as hostesses, and chaperoned the party. Miss Hurlbutt was unfortunately unable to be present.

The Students' Council deserve a great deal of credit for the success of these three popular events, and for the last one in particular. They help to keep a good spirit alive among the student body, and should be encouraged.

Dancing stopped at twelve sharp, and few of those present went home without feeling that the evening could not have been spent in a more enjoyable fashion.

DENTAL SOCIETY MEETING.

The regular monthly meeting of the Dental Society will be held on Friday evening at 8.15, in the New Medical Building. Dr. D. P. Mowry will present a paper on "Ethics in Prospects." This is a subject which should prove interesting, and be instructive to the lower years as well as the Seniors. A large turn-out is expected.

ARTS BASKETBALLERS CONSPICUOUS BY ABSENCE

One Man Only Takes the Trouble to Turn Out to the Initial Practice.

In spite of the fact that considerable publicity has been given to the inauguration of the inter-faculty basketball series, the Arts men have not as yet awakened to the fact that a certain amount of life is essential to a basketball practice.

A work-out was scheduled, to take place Tuesday evening. One man felt his responsibility enough to take the trouble to be at the gymnasium at the appointed time. The Arts team, as thus represented, having arrived at the dressing room, commenced preparation for the strenuous work which presumably was ahead. The moments passed and lengthened into minutes, and still the Arts team was decidedly a unit. After a brief work-out, featured by the total lack of combination—due to the fact that one man, even though an Arts man—cannot be in two places at once, the practice came to a thrilling termination with an end to end rush for the dressing room. The Arts team then, with a series of muttered anathemas for the benefit of its greater element which had been so conspicuous by its absence, struck a cigarette and walked away.

Such is the spirit of enthusiasm which greets anything in the way of (Continued on Page 4.)

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McGill Daily

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MONTREAL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

PROFANITY AND THE STUDENT.

In a recent number of the Daily appeared an article expressive of keen disapprobation and condemnation of that all too prevalent pastime, gambling. Every statement which was made in this connection was sufficiently well-founded and widely known to be beyond the sphere of dispute. There is another matter of kindred nature which has for some time been deserving of comment. We refer to the habitual usage of rough language in public places.

The swearing habit is at best a poor attribute to any man, and when the various student rendezvous become centres for the bantering of profanity, the matter is one which is deserving of immediate remedy. The impression which outsiders are bound to gather from such an outburst which is almost sure to greet the listeners' ears, is anything but favourable.

A group of University students is, as a rule, credited in the public eye with a certain amount of culture. A man, however, who cannot play a game of billiards or converse with his fellows without continual resort to profanity cannot command the respect of his associates, and is invariably regarded with disgust by those with whom he comes in contact. For the University man—who is looked to to provide the standards for a progressive society—indulgence in profanity, especially in public places, is something which he should guard against in his own interests as well as in those of his Alma Mater.

WHAT'S THE MATTER, ARTS MEN?

We have been able to secure very little information concerning the inter-faculty basketball practices which have been held up to date. The report of the Arts practice, which was called for Tuesday evening, as it appears on another page of this issue, is anything but a credit to the Arts men. On the other hand, Medicine was on hand and indulged in a brisk work-out. Surely it is pertinent to enquire whether such a spirit of apathy is excusable, or not?

LETTERS FOR PERSONS IN AN ENEMY COUNTRY.

Up to the present it has been permissible to send letters destined for persons in an enemy country or a country in the occupation of the enemy subject to censorship through the medium of an intermediary in a neutral country. An arrangement has now been made whereby such correspondence can be forwarded through the medium of Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, 530 St. Catherine St., Montreal, in connection with the authority received by their London House from the British Government to undertake the transmission of such correspondence.

The letters to be forwarded must relate only to private news, and must not contain any reference to military or naval movements, to political or economic conditions or the like. The letter should be enclosed in an envelope legibly addressed to its ultimate destination, and must be left open in accordance with the censorship regulations of enemy countries. This should be placed in another envelope addressed to Thos. Cook & Son, 530 St. Catherine St., Montreal, together with a slip bearing, legibly written, the name of the sender and also a postal note for twenty-five cents to cover the charges.

This amount covers the expense of transmitting the letter to a neutral country, from thence to an enemy country, and the reply. The arrangement necessary to ensure the transmission to the writers of any reply from the correspondents in enemy countries will be made by Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son.

There are certain districts to which, on account of restrictions imposed by the enemy, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son cannot forward correspondence, and in other cases they are only able to transmit the letter without making arrangements for the reply. Full particulars, however, may be obtained from Thos. Cook & Son on writing to them at 530 St. Catherine St., W. Montreal, and enclosing a stamped addressed envelope for the reply.

R. V. C. NOTES.

PARTIALS.

An important meeting of the R.V.C. Partial Society will be held, Tuesday, Feb. 12th, at 10 a.m. in the Common Room.

FOUND.

A silver bar-pin on the Campus Rink, at the skating party, Jan. 18th. Apply to the Secretary, R.V.C.

STUDENT INSINCERITY.

There seems to be an undue lack of interest in University affairs on the part of the students as a whole. The tendency now apparent is to stand aloof and criticize unfavorably. There are still a faithful few trying to keep things up to the old standard, but how can any good effort prosper when it does not receive the support of the student body? Societies can not be made successful by the work of the officers alone; there must be something contributed by the members. It is easy enough to say, "Put some more pep into things," but when the duty of supplying "pep" is left to a very small number, great results cannot reasonably be expected. Why not see what you can do?

Enthusiasm and interest are contagious, and they are the very things which have been conspicuous by their absence during the past year. Our clubs and societies need backing, our teams need backing. The Daily needs backing, in fact, everything seems to have become a sort of committee affair, run as well as it can be in the circumstances, by those in office, but left strictly alone by the individual students. Our numbers have been greatly depleted by the war, which means that the duties once shared by many must now be carried out by few. Is it fair to make it harder for those few by finding fault with their every effort? Why not try boosting for a change? Every word of commendation and appreciation helps. You can be of assistance with your encouragement, if with nothing else. Don't be a slacker, get out and do your bit!

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R. M. COULTER,
Deputy Postmaster General.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Daily is not responsible for the sentiments of letters published in the correspondence column. Signed communications from graduates, undergraduates and members of the faculty will be placed in print if they are not of too great length.

Correspondents are requested to observe the unwritten law of the newspaper office—that they write upon ONE side of the paper ONLY.

No communications will be admitted to this column without the name of the writer being attached for PUBLICATION.

To the Editor, McGill Daily:

Sir,—Friends have called my attention to the lines "In Memory of Lt.-Col. John McCrae," printed in the Herald of February 2nd, copied from the McGill Daily, and signed "S.M.C."—an occasional press signature of mine, which, however, I should not so modestly append to such fine lines as I have written them.

As many others having admired—but as usual merely read and passed without comment—may have also wrongly credited me with this beautiful tribute, I hasten to enter a disclaimer, expressing the hope that the writer will be less modest in hiding his identity behind misleading initials.

I may, perhaps, be allowed to add some lines of my own will—through the ever-generous welcome of an editorial friend—see the light shortly; and though not of special application may, I hope, convey a fitting thought as we look to the "cross-strewn plain" where sleep so many of our honoured dead in these dear plots of alien earth.

S. M. RAYLES.

KING LEADS LIST OF INDIVIDUAL SCORERS

Shamrock Man Has Accounted For 10 Goals.

No change took place in the standing of the individual scorers of the City League as a result of last Monday's games. The two leaders failed to tally, while the third man added one to his total, as did also Slater and Behan, who are tied for fourth place. Not one player in the league tallied more than one goal in the last series of games.

In the team averages McGill and Loyola are far in advance of the rest of the teams, and the probabilities are that these two teams will fight it out for the possession of the Deery Trophy. Loyola were the successful candidates for this honour last year, finishing the season with 26 goals for and 15 against. To date the two contenders stand as follows:

	For.	Agst.
McGill	20	10
Loyola	23	13

Next Monday's game between these two teams will count a lot in the final decision of both the league and the Deery trophy. In the first game McGill won the decision over Loyola by the close score of four to three.

Following is the list of scorers of two or more goals to date:—

King	Shamrock	10
Laurendeau	Laval	9
Loneragan	Loyola	8
Slater	Loyola	7
Behan	McGill	7
Dufresne	Laval	5
Quevermont	Laval	4
Hughes	McGill	4
Gallery	McGill	4
Godel	National	3
Mowatt	Loyola	3
Anderson	McGill	2
Booney	McGill	2
Clement	Loyola	2
Alage	Loyola	2
Brunt	National	2
Dineen	Shamrock	2
Allan	Shamrock	2
Ryan	Can. Vickers	2
Parker	Can. Vickers	2

HOCKEY GAMES TO-NIGHT.

Two games in the Inter-class hockey series will be played to-night. From 8 to 9 o'clock, Med. '22 will meet the Sophomores of the same faculty. From 9 to 10 o'clock, Arts '20 will play the Arts '21 team. Both games will be very fast, as the teams comprise some of the best of last year's Junior team. Much interest is being displayed in the games, and a big crowd of spectators is assured. Usually when the Medicine teams are playing there is a fair representation of the co-eds present, and there is no reason why to-night should see any departure from the rule.

All up!

MED. '21 HOLDS IMPORTANT MEETING.

At a recent meeting of the class of Medicine '21, there was enthusiastic discussion over the coming King Cook Celebration. The result was the election of a special committee the members of which are to co-operate with the class Executive in the organization of the programme. The members of the special committee are as follows:
Manager—Cooper.
Parade Director—McDonald.
Costume Director—Fawcett.
Musical Director—Fink.
Dancing Director—Walsh.
Speeches—Chandler.
MacSweeney has also been included in the committee, to co-operate with Fink in the arrangement of the musical programme.

With these men at the head of the organization there is good reason to believe that the King Cook Celebration this year will be a huge success.

O. HERTZBERG GIVES PAPER AT COLLOQUIUM

Reviews Work of Langmuir on Molecular Rotation.

DISCUSSION ENSUES.

Rotary Power of Substances Made Use of in Determining Their Chemical Constitution

At a meeting of the Chemical Colloquium yesterday afternoon O. Hertzberg reviewed part of the work that has recently been done by Langmuir on Molecular Rotation, and its relation to Constitution.

Scientific interest in this subject dates from 1846 when Faraday first noted that certain kinds of lead glass had a rotary effect on plane polarized light, when it was acted upon by a uniform magnetic field. Faraday apparently did not completely explain the phenomenon, and the research work in this field was done from 1882 to 1906 by one man, Sir W. H. Perkin. Langmuir has paid considerable attention to the matter of late years.

This investigator found that temperature had little or no effect on this phenomenon, and that the rotation was proportional to the number of carbon atoms in the molecule. He performed his experiments upon equimolecular solutions, and defined molecular magnetic rotation as the amount that a plane polarized beam of light was rotated when passed through a thickness of one centimetre, as compared to the amount of rotation of a chosen standard.

Since this rotary power is a property of all soluble chemical substances, it may be used in considering chemical compounds, both in their additive and constitutive relations. In the latter sense this property may be used: (1) to distinguish isomers; (2) to distinguish between members of different series; (3) to show whether a compound is saturated or unsaturated; (4) to distinguish between ring and chain formations.

As an example of the use of this phenomenon the speaker told of its use in CH₂ additive compounds. The rotary power of the CH₂ group is a constant, i.e., 1.023. When all the CH₂ groups have been accounted for, the rotary power of the rest of the molecule is called the series constant. The molecular magnetic rotation is then represented by the formula S plus (N x 1.023), where S is the series constant, and N is the number of CH₂ groups.

In complex substances the series constant is taken as the arithmetic mean of the constants of closely related substances.

In the study of isomers it was found that the iso compound has a greater rotation than the ordinary; and an unsaturated compound has a greater rotary power than the corresponding saturated substance.

If a chain compound be transformed into a ring compound by removing two hydrogen atoms, the constant result is that there is a decrease in the power of magnetic rotation.

Up to this point the speaker had dealt only with organic compounds. In the inorganic field a very interesting question was whether there was any relation between ionic dissociation and this power of magnetic rotation. The first results obtained by using concentrated solutions seemed to indicate that such a relation existed, but when dilute solutions were used it was found that such assumptions were not true. The experiments showed, however, that the power of rotation in inorganic is due almost entirely to the anion, and that the cation has practically no influence.

The subject of change of rotary power following displacement has also been investigated. The substitution of chlorine for bromine always results in a rise in the molecular magnetic rotation, and this rise increases with increasing number of carbon atoms. For example, chlorine substituted for bromine caused an increase of rotary power of 1.81 in methyl compounds, 1.82 in propyl compounds, and 1.89 in octo compounds.

The practical application of this property of solutions in the solving of chemical problems, was illustrated by two examples. In studying chloral and chloral hydrate Langmuir found that his experimental results pointed to a different formula for the hydrate, than the one at present accepted by chemists. He suggested the formula C₂H₃Cl(OH)₂ in place of C₂H₃ClO₂H₂O. The other practical application is the detection of totimeric substances in mixtures.

NOTICES

MANDOLIN CLUB.

Members of the Mandolin Club who ordered copies of the Club picture are notified that these are now ready, and can be obtained from Mr. Scott at the Physics Building.

MCGILL PHYSICAL SOCIETY.

The next meeting of the McGill Physical Society will be held in the MacDonald Physics Building to-morrow at 5 p.m. G. H. Henderson will give a paper on "Recent Research on the Active Deposits of Radium, Thorium, and Actinium."

CERCLE FRANCAIS MEETING.

A meeting of the Cercle Francais

"LET'S WIN THE WAR."

WAR MENUS.

How to Save Wheat, Beef and Bacon for the men at the front. Issued from the Office of the Food Controller for Canada.

MENU FOR FRIDAY.

Breakfast.
Cornmeal and Bran Porridge
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Toast

Dinner.
Sautéed Gold Eyes
Mashed Potatoes
Banana Sponge
Creamed Cabbage
Custard Sauce

Supper.
Cream of Potato Soup
Brown Bread
Jam
Tea

The recipe for Nut Muffins, mentioned above, is as follows:

Nut Muffins—
1½ cups whole wheat flour
¼ teaspoon soda
¼ teaspoon salt
¼ cup sour milk
¼ cup molasses
1 egg
½ cup nut meats.

Mix dry ingredients and coarsely ground nuts. Mix molasses, milk and egg together. Add liquid to dry ingredients stirring just enough to mix. Put in greased muffin tins. Bake 30 minutes in moderate oven.

(Wheat and meat saving recipes by Domestic Science Experts on the staff of the Food Controller's Office.)

NEWS OF MCGILL GRAD. KILLED IN DECEMBER

Capt. W. J. Wilson Was a Member of the Class of '13.

Captain W. J. Wilson, killed in action in France, on December 31st, 1917, was a graduate in the Civil Engineering class of 1913.

He was born in Ottawa in August, 1892, and matriculated from the Ottawa Collegiate in 1909, entering McGill in the fall of the same year. After graduation in 1913, he was associated for some time with the Steel Co. of Canada in Hamilton, and later with the Toronto Harbour Commission. He enlisted for military service as a Lieutenant with the 74th Battalion of Toronto, and crossed to England in March, 1916. In June of the same year, he went to France, and became attached to the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, with whom he served with distinction in all operations on the Ypres Salient, the Somme, Vimy Ridge and Passchendaele.

Captain Wilson developed a great aptitude for military service, and was a most valuable officer. He won his Captaincy on the field, and for three months prior to his death, was acting Major of his company. His passing at the age of 25 years is greatly regretted by his many friends in Ottawa, Montreal and Toronto, and that he was esteemed by his fellow officers and men, is evidenced by the following extract from a letter to his mother from the Colonel of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles:

"May it be some consolation to you to know that the whole battalion mourns his loss. He was loved and respected by officers and men alike. His loss to me as Commanding Officer, is a heavy one, for I always knew that any task I gave him would always be well and promptly carried out; his name had been sent in for promotion some weeks ago. Brave and wise in action, always thoughtful and considerate for others, he will never be forgotten in the battalion as long as an officer or man remains who served with or under him."

will be held on Friday evening next, at 8 p.m. All members are especially urged to be present at this meeting. Dr. Villard will be the special guest of the evening.

ARTS '20 HOCKEY.

The Arts '20 team will play its first game, in the inter-class series, with Arts '21, to-night from 9-10 o'clock. Every man in the class who can play hockey is requested to turn out.

BASKETBALL.

The men who are trying for the Science Basketball team are requested to turn out for practice to-night. The Central Y.M.C.A. floor which was not available last night, will be open for Science men from 8:45 to 7:45 p.m. to-night. Turn out, Science!

ARTS '18 GRADUATING GROUP.

All members of Arts '18 who graduate in the spring are requested to have their pictures taken as soon as possible at Notman's studio, on Union Ave., so that it may be included in the graduating group. Appointments for individual sittings can be made at once by phone or otherwise. A gown is provided at the studio for the occasion. The conditions are as follows:

Each student has to pay one dollar at the time of sitting.
Copies of the group, 18 x 22 inches, can be secured at \$1.00 each.
For individual portraits from the negatives used in the group the prices are:
\$8.00 cabinets for \$3.00 per dozen.
\$10.00 cabinets for \$5.00 per dozen.
\$12.00 cabinets for \$7.00 per dozen.



The Royal Military College of Canada.

THERE are few national institutions of more value and interest to the country than the Royal Military College of Canada. Notwithstanding this, its object and the work it is accomplishing are not sufficiently understood by the general public.

The College is a Government institution, designed primarily for the purpose of giving instructions in all branches of military science to Cadets and Officers of the Canadian Militia. In fact, it corresponds to Woolwich and Sandhurst.

The Commandant and military instructors are all officers on the active list of the Imperial army, lent for the purpose, and there is in addition a complete staff of professors for the civil subjects which form an important part of the College course. Medical attendance is also provided.

Whilst the College is organized on a strictly military basis the cadets receive a practical and scientific training in subjects essential to a sound modern education.

The course includes a thorough grounding in Mathematics, Civil Engineering, Surveying, Physics, Chemistry, French and English.

The strict discipline maintained at the College is one of the most valuable features of the course, and in addition, the constant practice of commands, drills and outdoor exercises of all kinds, ensures health and excellent physical condition.

Commissions in all branches of the Imperial service and Canadian Permanent Force are offered annually. The diploma of graduation is considered by the authorities conducting the examination for Dominion Land Surveyor to be equivalent to a university degree, and by the Regulation of the Law Society of Ontario, it obtains the same exemptions as a B.A. degree.

The length of the course is three years in three terms of 9½ months each.

The total cost of the course, including board, uniform, instructional material, and all extras is about \$900.

The annual competitive examination for admission to the College, takes place in June of each year, at the headquarters of the several military districts.

For full particulars regarding this examination and for any other information, application should be made to the secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, Ont., or to the Commandant, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont.

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PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
DEPARTMENT OF COLONIZATION, MINES AND FISHERIES.
The chief minerals of the Province of Quebec are Asbestos, Chromite, Copper, Iron, Gold, Molybdenite, Phosphate, Mica, Graphite, Ornamental and Building Stone, Clays, Etc.

The Mining Law gives absolute security of Title and is very favourable to the Prospector.

MINERS' CERTIFICATES.

First of all, obtain a miner's certificate, from the Department in Quebec, or from the nearest agent. The price of this certificate is \$10.00, and it is valid until the first of January following. This certificate gives the right to prospect on public lands and on private lands, on which the mineral rights belong to the Crown.

The holder of this certificate may stake mining claims to the extent of 200 acres.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

During the first six months following the staking of the claim, work on it must be performed to the extent of at least twenty-five days of eight hours.

SIX MONTHS AFTER STAKING.

At the expiration of six months from the date of the staking, the prospector, to retain his rights, must take out a mining license.

MINING LICENSE.

The mining license may cover 40 to 200 acres in unsurveyed territory. The price of this license is Fifty Cents an acre per year, and a fee of \$10.00 on issue. It is valid for one year, and is renewable on the same terms, on producing an affidavit that during the year work has been performed to the extent of at least twenty-five days' labor on each forty acres.

MINING CONCESSION.

Notwithstanding the above, a mining concession may be acquired at any time at the rate of \$5.00 an acre for SUPERIOR METALS, and \$3.00 an acre for INFERIOR MINERALS.

The attention of prospectors is specially called to the territory in the North-Western part of the Province of Quebec, north of the height of land where important mineralized belts are known to exist.

PROVINCIAL LABORATORY.

Special arrangements have been made with the POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL of LAVAL UNIVERSITY, 228 ST. DENIS STREET, MONTREAL, for the analysis of minerals at very reduced rates for the benefit of miners and prospectors. The well equipped laboratories of this institution and its trained chemists ensure results of undoubted integrity and reliability.

The Bureau of Mines at Quebec will give all the information desired in connection with the mines and mineral resources of the Province, on application addressed to

HONORE MERCIER,

Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries, Quebec

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President

English & Scotch Woollen Co.

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MANY PRESENT AT HISTORICAL CLUB MEETING.

(Continued from Page 1.)

light on Guizot's character:

In 1850 Gladstone denounced the treatment of political prisoners in the prisons of Naples. These prisoners were all Liberals, and for that crime subjected to imprisonment in irons for long terms. Although at this time a Conservative, Gladstone took up the matter with the English Government, which was also Conservative, but as months passed without any definite action, he published the facts and raised a storm all over Europe (Morley's Gladstone). The illustrious Guizot wrote Mr. Gladstone a long letter, expressing with much courtesy and kindness, his regret at the publication. Nothing is left in Italy, said Guizot, between the terrors of governments attacked in their very existence, and the fury of the beaten revolutionists with hopes more alert than ever for destruction and chaos. The King of Naples on one side, Mazzini on the other; such, said Guizot, is Italy. Between the King of Naples and Mazzini he for one did not hesitate. . . . Guizot was a great man, but '48 had perverted his generalising intellect, and everywhere his jaundiced vision perceived in progress a struggle for life and death with the revolutionary spirit blind, chimerical, insatiable, impracticable. He avowed his own failure when he was at the head of the French Government, to induce the rulers of Italy to make reforms.

Guizot's first official position was that of Secretary General. However, he did not serve long in that capacity, as another revolution soon set him back in his professor's chair. But a counter-revolution once more called him to office. At this time Guizot was a member of the party called the "doctrinaires," who aimed at holding a "juste milieu" between the extremists on either side. They fought the Radical wing of the Liberals on one side, and the out-and-out Royalists on the other. Guizot made public the principles of this party in a book published in 1816, entitled "Representative Government and the present state of France." When the time was ripe, Guizot secured a dissolution and an election, which resulted in a triumph for the "doctrinaire" party. In 1819 Guizot joined the Government as "Director General," but the next year, when the Ministry resigned, saw Guizot back in his chair of History at the Sorbonne, from which point of vantage Guizot launched a powerful attack on the policy of the new Government through the medium of pamphlets.

Some of his shots took effect, and Guizot became an object of persecution on the part of the Government. His course at the Sorbonne was closed down. "Never did Guizot produce more than during these years of disgrace, which were not only the most fertile, but the most glorious of his life. He wrote a work on the English Revolution. Guizot was a great student of Anglo-Saxon Revolutions, both in England and in America. The Anglo-Saxon race, declared Guizot, had known how to conduct its revolutions in both hemispheres. But he looked with special admiration on the Revolution of 1688, and it was always his hope that Louis-Philippe would take the place in French History that William of Orange had taken in English history. Guizot also published essays on the History of France, and also gave his support to the work of the society called "Heaven helps him who helps himself," which was founded to defend electoral liberty. In 1828 Guizot started the French "Review."

Guizot was now at the height of his popularity, and a change in Government resulted in putting him back again in his professorial chair at the Sorbonne. The lectures delivered at this time are embodied in two great volumes called "History of European Civilization," and a "History of French Civilization."

In 1827 Guizot married his second wife, a niece of his former wife. His new marriage was not less happy than his old one. But neither literary fame nor domestic happiness, satisfied his high ambition. Since his youth Guizot had been attracted by politics, and felt himself born for parliamentary struggle.

In 1830 he was elected a member of parliament. In July of that year a revolution upset the throne of Charles X, and placed the crown of France on the head of Louis-Philippe. With reference to this occurrence, Guizot said in a speech, "France has made a Revolution, but she had no intention of placing herself in a permanently revolutionary state. The prominent features of a revolutionary state are that all things are being incessantly put in question, that the claims are indefinite, that constant appeals are made to force and violence. Those features exist in all the present popular societies, in their action and tendency, and in the impulse they are striving to impress upon France. That is not progress, but disorder; it is aimless excitement, not advancement. Since the Government is armed with legal powers against the dangers of popular societies, it must not only not abandon it, but it must make use of it. It has already done so, and is resolved to do so as often as is demanded by good order in the country and the steady development of its liberal-

Guizot now took part in all the important debates, and showed himself always opposed to any further democratic reforms. On account of the attitude which Guizot assumed in this question, his enemies often accused him of hating and distrusting the common people. Against this accusation Guizot defends himself in his Memoires. He says, "Because I have combatted the democratic theories, and resisted the popular passions it has been often said that I do not love the people, that I have no sympathy with their misery, their in-

Guizot did not enter the Cabinet of Marshal Soult, who succeeded Mole. He took up his pen once more, and a work on the Life and Correspondence of Washington soon appeared. But Guizot did not long remain out of public life.

ELECTRIC SMELTING IS NOW A REALITY.

Not many years ago, the opinion prevailed in Canada that while electric smelting was interesting, the time was far-distant when it would be put into practical operation. The situation, however, has radically changed. There are, at the present time, 32 Heroult electric furnaces in Canada, and 22 of other types—in all 54 furnaces using the electric process. These furnaces have a capacity of 173,000 tons of iron and steel, 50,000 tons of ferro-silicon, and 8,000 tons of other ferro-alloys per annum. The British Forgings plant at Toronto has ten electric furnaces of the Heroult type, and a total capacity of 60 tons per heat, or about 72,000 tons per annum, making it the largest electric-process steel plant in the world.

B. H. PRINCELL MAKES RECORD.

CHICAGO, Ill.—B. H. Princell, of the Chicago Athletic Association, broke the world's record for the 60-foot plunge in an indoor swimming meet at the Chicago Athletic Association. He made the distance in 16 4-5s. The previous record of 17 2-5s, was held by J. P. Lichter, C.A.A. The meet was under A. A. U. auspices.

A BUSINESS IN OLD CANS.

Application has been made to the Board of Control, Winnipeg, for a four years' franchise to utilize the old tin cans accumulated in the city dumps. The project contemplates the separation of the solder, tin and iron in the cans, and the melting of the last-mentioned into bars.

PENNSYLVANIA: The recent nomination for the officers of the freshman class of the University of Pennsylvania have been declared void, and elections will not take place until several hundred first-year men have paid their class dues.

books, their needs, their desires. There are in public life, as in private life, many different ways of showing love. I love the people devotedly, but freely and with a little anxiety. I wish to serve them. . . . I respect them, and because I respect them I will not betray them, nor help them to betray themselves. I believe that the people have the right and the need of becoming capable and worthy to be free, that is to say, to exercise on their private and public destinies the influence which the laws of God accord to men in life and human society. While feeling for the material distress of the people a profound sympathy, I have above all been preoccupied and touched by their moral distress, holding that to improve their material condition it was necessary to cure their moral distress and that to ameliorate the condition of man it is first the soul, which must be purified and brightened.

Of Guizot's Memoires, from which I have just quoted, Bardoux has this criticism to make, "Guizot does not concern himself with scandalous revelations, nor with drawing the veil from secret diplomacy, the Memoires are political annals. Guizot wished to give the motives of his political acts and to explain them. The Memoires are at the same time a vindication of the party which he served, and of which he was the chief.

During 1831 and 1832 Guizot was a supporter of the Government Casimir Perier and his cold, hard and elevated eloquence made a great impression on the House. Guizot held the portfolio of public instruction for 3 1/2 years. Primary education had been neglected by previous governments, but a law put through Parliament by Guizot in 1833 put this department of instruction on a proper footing. Concerning this law Emile Taquet says, "This law of 1833 was conceived in the most generous spirit, the most liberal, the most optimistic; inspired by a confidence in the national and popular good sense which Guizot has been often far from showing; inspired by a spirit of civil and religious peace, of tolerance and liberty, which is to the great honour of its author; a work which has lasted, which has proved by its success the good sense, the firmness and the measure of the spirit which conceived it, and a work which would suffice alone to keep alive the memory of Guizot."

Guizot gave his hearty support to every measure calculated to repress the revolutionary spirit. He supported a Bill forbidding political associations and another to curtail the freedom of the press.

On the 11th of October the Government fell, and Guizot refused to join a Cabinet with Thiers at its head. Thiers' Government met with strong opposition, not directly from Guizot, but from his friends. In six months the King had to call on Mole to form a Government and Guizot took his old post of public instruction.

But the Mole Cabinet was not altogether a happy family. Guizot had a high opinion of his own ability, and a low opinion of that of Mole. The Cabinet was finally dismissed. In the negotiations which followed before the formation of a new Government, Guizot attempted to form a Cabinet of his own, but was unsuccessful. Finally Mole got together a new Government, and Guizot found himself left out in the cold. The opposition which Guizot put up to the policy of Mole's new Government is considered as one of the most doubtful acts of his career. However, his opposition proved fatal to Mole, and that statesman was soon compelled to step down.

Guizot did not enter the Cabinet of Marshal Soult, who succeeded Mole. He took up his pen once more, and a work on the Life and Correspondence of Washington soon appeared. But Guizot did not long remain out of public life.

(To be Concluded.)

INTER-CLASS DEBATE WAS WON BY SOPHS.

Miss Robertson and Miss Novick Speak for Second Year.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFEATED.

Should German be Eliminated from Curriculum of American Colleges.

The Junior-Sophomore debate which took place yesterday in the R.V.C. resulted in a victory for the Sophomores, giving them the inter-year championship.

The question was: "Resolved, that German be eliminated from the curriculum of all American schools and colleges." Miss Abbott and Miss Swindlehurst ably supported the affirmative, but were refuted by Miss Novick and Miss Robertson.

Miss Cameron, Miss MacKenzie and G. W. Latham kindly acted as judges. Mr. Latham announced the decision, which was awarded on the basis of 60 points for matter and 40 points for style.

Miss Abbott introduced the debate for the affirmative. Her points were—1st, the effect of the German language upon national unity, of which the United States is a striking example; and 2nd, the influence of German upon politics. There are, she said, 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 Germans in the United States. These Germans and their children are, by the influence of the teaching of German in the schools and colleges, and by the use of text-books printed in Berlin, kept in touch with the Fatherland, and the principles which it embodies—such principles as Germany over all, paramount, predominant and unconquerable. Political influence is expressed by the power which Germans have in the elections in pro-German states. The exchange of professors has been used to promote German propaganda all over the United States.

The first speaker on the negative, Miss Novick, after much refutation, dealt with her subject in the light of present, and after the war problems. We are not, she pointed out, "fighting the German people, but the ruling class of Germany." After the war we will need to understand the German language in order to understand the German people, and in the re-construction after the war we will need to understand that people.

Miss Swindlehurst, the second speaker on the affirmative, although more general than her colleague, spoke with ease, and with evident knowledge of her subject. She treated the study of German in relation to culture, industry, etc., as follows: "Anish is the coming commercial language of the United States, German is no longer necessary, nor very helpful, since German industrial processes are the secret of Germany. As to mental development, the study of Latin, Italian or Greek may serve the same purpose as German. "The movement for the abolition of German," she said in closing, "is not hysteria on the part of the American people, but one forced upon them by the pro-Germans in their country. When the war is over we may decide what the relations with Germany will be."

The last speaker on the negative, Miss Robertson, well deserves the commendation of the judges for her delivery, which was, in their words, "Careful and deliberate."

She emphasized the value of the study of German in order to know the German literature, and to travel in that country. Secondly, she cited Helmholtz, Hertz and the influence of Haeckel upon Darwin as characteristic of the influence and value of German science, which, partially at least, can only be studied in the original.

We must, she said, "be broad-minded to be good citizens," and in order to be that toward the Germans, she maintained, we must of necessity know their manners, their ideals and their traditions—such knowledge as can only be acquired by a study of the German language.

Mr. Latham, in his announcement, kindly pointed out some of the weak points, mainly the tendency on both sides to deal with irrelevant matter. The judges thought that the subject had not been clearly defined, and that the affirmative especially had failed to drive home their points. Important points were left unrefuted on both sides, while trivial points were taken up. The decision of the judges was appreciated by all, especially by second year, to whom it gave a point toward the banner.

While the judges were retired a lively discussion took place, terminated by a few remarks which, upon the request of the President, Prof. Lambert, as a Professor of German, and a former student in Germany, kindly consented to make. Prof. Lambert urged that we distinguish the German people from German military rule. Although he himself questioned German civilization, he realized that it would be years before students would again go to Germany to study, but he thought the loss of German books in the original would be a great loss to culture and to Science.

The next meeting of the Delta Sigma Society will take place in March, and will be the Annual Public Speaking Contest.

HOCKEY PRACTICE.

Senior hockey practice will be held at the Victoria Rink to-night at 6.30.



Special Announcement For February Fur Selling

We still have \$300,000 worth of Furs in stock that were made to sell this season—and we are going to sell them.

Notwithstanding the enormous advances in raw skins which the St. Louis and New York Fur Sales show — advances which run from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 100% — it is our intention to adhere to our usual policy of selling all manufactured furs during the present season—rather than to carry them over and sell at higher prices next season. This means \$300,000 worth of Furs at cost price.

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TWO MCGILL MEN ARE AWARDED M.C.

Capt. Austin Irvine, of 245th C.M.G., and Capt. Maurice Pope, of the Engineers.

The names of two McGill graduates appear in the latest honour list, which came out yesterday morning. Capt. Austin Irvine and Capt. Maurice Pope have both been awarded the Military Cross for gallantry in action.

Capt. Irvine graduated with the class of Medicine '96, and at the time of enlisting was a practicing physician and surgeon in Montreal. He was also on the staff of the Western Hospital. He went overseas as Medical Officer with the 245th Grenadier Guards Battalion, commanded by Lieut.-Col. C. C. Ballantyne, and was later transferred to the 87th Canadian Grenadier Guards, with which he served for some time in France. His good work soon won him recognition and, at the request of the French Government, he was transferred to a French base hospital near Paris, to act as assistant to a leading French surgeon. It was for distinguished services rendered in this capacity that he was awarded the Military Cross. At one time Capt. Irvine was prominent in athletic circles, having played with the M. A. A. A. senior lacrosse and football teams. He is a son of the late John Irvine, of Westmount. His mother resides in California. Capt. Irvine's wife, who is an American, is also in France serving with the American Ambulance at Neuilly.

Captain Maurice Pope graduated with the class of Science '11, and after graduation entered the services of the Canadian Pacific Railway. He received his preliminary education at the Ottawa Collegiate Institute, and is a son of Sir Joseph and Lady Pope of that city.

JEST TALK

By Jello

WITHIN THE LAW.

"See here, waiter, the ice in this lemonade is all melted."
"Yes, sah; we ain't allowed to serve only sof' drinks, sah."

HOC.

As the watch entered the pawnshop, I heard it sadly groan:
"This will be a dismal place,
For I'll be a loan."

A MILITARY BLUNDER.

"What is this, waiter?"
"War bread, sir."
"Hang it! It's too old entirely for active service."

EH?

Things are looking pretty Grey in the Mills these days.

HIS ONLY CHANCE.

"Hurrah! Five dollars for my latest story, 'A Modern Husband.'"
"Congratulations, young man. From whom did you get the money?"
"From the express company. They lost it."

HOW PERFECTLY STUNNING.

Young Mike was sure the lucky guy, He got insured, they say,
For twenty thousand dollars, and He broke his neck next day.

ONE OF SEVERAL.

"I hear your son plays on the college rugby team. What position does he hold?"
"I'm not sure, but I think he's one of the drawbacks."

A LA "LADIES' HOME JOURNAL" STYLE.

He was wicked. Oh, he was simply beyond redemption! His latest act of vagrancy was this:

The colonel had some nut trees, and the bad lad liked nuts. Therefore, he went and picked some.

"Hi," yelled the keeper, "what are you doing?"

"I'm picking these nuts for the kernel," replied the bad lad.

"Oh," said the keeper, "if you're getting them for the colonel, I suppose it's all right."

And the bad lad was left in peace.

ARTS BASKETBALLERS CONSPICUOUS BY ABSENCE.

(Continued from Page 1.)

progression under the present circumstances. And yet it is quite easily within the competence of the Arts Faculty to have a creditable team upon the gym floor this winter. It is merely the same apathy, instanced in another connection, as that which has been the drawback of more than one of the college activities this year. There may quite conceivably be prevailing circumstances which forbid the fulfillment of such engagements, but when one man turns out to represent a faculty, there is obviously something very seriously amiss. Buck up, Arts!

Country Girl Famous Artist

She left her sweetheart in a little country town, and came to the city, where she made good as an artist. She met a rich married man, and they became dangerously intimate. Then she realized that she was "The Other Woman."

What would you do in such a case?

Would you give up the man you loved or would you break his wife's heart?

SEE

Peggy Hyland in 'The Other Woman' AT THE Holman Theatre

ALL THIS WEEK.

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House, thoroughly renovated, furnished with all new furniture, within 3 minutes of the University. Could accommodate about 8 students. Would make special price if house was fitted within a certain time. Home cooking. Phone Westmount 2425 for further information.

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THIS WEEK,
The Most Elaborate of Them all,
"\$1,000,000 DOLLS,"
With the Famous Million Dollar Doll Chorus,
Ladies 10 Cent Matinee Daily.

IMPERIAL

TO-DAY

GEORGE BEBAN in 'Jules the Strong Heart'

A tense drama of love and laughter.

History of the Great War

Second of a series of short pictures that follow the warring nations from the beginning of the war.

THIS WEEK

Germany

DREW COMEDY—PATHE NEWS

Popular American Concert Prima Donna

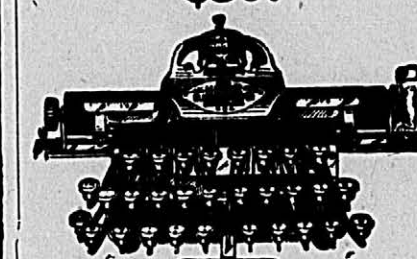
Grace Hoffman
will appear at 3 and 9 p.m.

UNITARIAN LITERATURE

Pamphlets setting forth the principles of the Liberal Faith sent free upon application to the Post-Office Mission Committee, 7 Simpson Street, Montreal.

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Lowest in Price—Highest in Quality. The Ideal Machine for the Professional Man—Student—and Business Man at Home. Does the work of a large machine.

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POPULAR PLAYS PRINCES

THIS WEEK—Starting Monday Evening—8.15.
Real Popular Prices—15c. to 75c.
Ed. W. Rowland and Lorin J. Howard offer
"WHICH ONE SHALL I MARRY?"
The greatest question in every woman's life.
Extra Special Matinees: Tues., Thurs., and Sat.—25c.-50c.

VAUDEVILLE PRINCES

2.15 TO-DAY 8.15
Princess Orchestra.
Pathe's Gazette.
Chiyo and Chiyo.
Weber and Ridor.
"Honour Thy Children."
Ernest Bull and Maud Lambert.
Eddie Carr and Company.
The Great Lester.
Nonette.
Hawthorne and Anthony.
James Dutton and Company.
Exit March.
PRICES: Matinee, First Balcony, 15c.; entire Orchestra, 25c. Nights: 15c., 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c. Box seats, \$1.00.
Every Matinee, 1,000 seats at 15c. 1,000 seats at 25c.

VAUDEVILLE FRANCAIS

THIS WEEK
To-day, Tuesday and Wednesday—2 p.m., 7 p.m., 9 p.m.
Betty Hall and Dixie Four.
"Ashes of Hope."

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 2 p.m., 7 p.m., 9 p.m.
Dances D'Art.
"The Other Woman."
PRICES: Mats, 10-15c. Nights 10-15-25c.

LOEW'S

Vaudeville Theatre
Corner St. Catherine and Mansfield Streets
All-Star Bill.
"THE TRUTHFUL LIAR,"
Burke & Harris,
4 Other Acts.

NORMA TALMADGE
in
"GHOSTS OF YESTERDAY,"
O. Henry Story.

Continuous Performance 1 to 11 p.m.
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R. J. Tooke Shirts, \$1.25
R. J. Tooke English Socks, 35c.



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